

AIDC Application Standards for Healthcare

GS1 DataMatrix

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A <u>General</u> Discussion of GS1 DataMatrix, with a GS1 Healthcare Application Standards Focus

- Why GS1 DataMatrix in Healthcare
- Data Matrix... The Symbology
 - "GS1 DataMatrix" son of "ISO/IEC Data Matrix"
- Thoughts on Structure & Quality
- Practical Application Printing / Reading
- Q&A



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Define which data to carry in which data carrier for any Healthcare product at all packaging levels

Improve patient safety

- Reduce medical errors
- Enable effective product recalls
- Fight counterfeiting
- Enable adverse event reporting
- Increase time for patient care

Increase efficiency & save costs

- Improve order and invoice process
- Optimise receiving
- Reduce inventory & improve shelf management
- Increase productivity
- Improve service levels/fill rate
- Improve benchmarking and management of supply cost
- Efficiently document treatment in patients' Electronic Health Record



Healthcare specific – data & carrier requirements...



Expiry Date, Lot, and/or Serial Number



Small space



Direct part marking



Additional data & variable data at high production rates



And more...

6

Non-retail channels

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GS1 Keys prevail... but some users need more detailed information about that specific unit





Pharma New coding & serialisation requirements



Medical devices Solution of the second seco New coding and database requirements 2018



Important development







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Why... Bar Code use in Healthcare



...for patient care

(Youngest GS1 system user?)



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GS1 Data Carriers for Healthcare... an example...





GS1 Data Carriers for Healthcare... an example...



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Data carriers for specific HC needs





Bar code symbology "evolution"



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Data Carriers: Bar Code Symbologies Symbology "categories"...

- 1D Linear
 - The "normal" symbologies we are all familiar with... UPC/EAN, Code 39, Code 128, etc.
- 2D "Multi Row"
 - Also known as "stacked" symbologies, linear or "row" based... Code 16K, Code 49, PDF 417, etc.
- 2D "Matrix"
 - True "two dimensional" codes based on dot or element placements in a matrix... DataMatrix, QR Code, Aztec Code, MaxiCode, etc.

Data Carriers: 2D Bar Code Symbologies

Many to choose from... are they all "the same"...



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ISO Data Matrix Symbology

- Established 1989 by International Data Matrix
- Internationally standardized in ISO/IEC 16022
- Scaleable matrix from 9 x 9 to 49 x 49 modules (Size Change w/ Data Content... in "block steps"... an example later on)
- Error Detection & Multiple Error Correction Levels
- Multiple encoding formats and macros
- More adaptable to "direct" marking (DPM)
- Primary Applications Parts marking (Automotive, Semiconductor,

Healthcare instruments, Aerospace), Pharmaceutical packaging, Package labeling / addressing







- ISO/IEC 16022 Data Matrix... used as "GS1 DataMatrix":
 - Special considerations?
 - Similar to the Code 128 / GS1-128 "relationship", <u>an FNC1 in the</u> <u>first data position signals GS1 formatted data & a GS1 DataMatrix</u>
 - Is always "ECC 200" & Alpha-Numeric encodation capable
 - GS1 DataMatrix has a specific ISO/IEC Symbology Identifier



GS1-128.... Size Changes w/ Data Content... in "steps"

Symbol 1 - GTIN Only



Symbol 2 - GTIN + AI(17)

Symbol 3 - GTIN + AI(17) + AI(10) of 4 numeric & 6 alpha

Symbol 4 - GTIN + AI(17) + AI(10) of 8 numeric & 12 alpha + AI(21) of 13 numeric & 1 alpha

For <u>EACH</u> extra individual character you add to the data string... the symbol increases in length...





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Scanning 2D Matrix Symbols

Linear Scanners:

- Laser line or linear imager based
- Massive, long-term installed base
- Scans 1D / Linear and some 2D Stacked symbols

Area Image Scanners:

- Camera based
- Growing installed base in industrial, commercial, healthcare
- Scans 1D / Linear, 2D Stacked &





Camera-based bar code scanners are needed in Healthcare AND are a GS1 Healthcare Leadership Team recommendation!!





Position – Camera/Imager Scanners... (June 2007, Re-issued October 2010)

GS1 Healthcare	Position Statement	Preparing me users for the f
Camera-Based bar code scan specific needs for Automatic Identi Because of the increased capabilities of camera-based bar Healthcare user group) strongly recommends to invest in scanners or when replacing existing laser bar code scanne global standards for automatic identification in the Healthca Global standards for automatic identification provide the of chain more efficient and accurate, and thus safer. It will also patient rights: the right patient gets the right product at the ri- route.	Inters to address ffcation in Healthcare code scanners, GS1 Healthcare (GS1 global such scanners when introducing bar code rs. This will facilitate the future adoption of are supply chain. opportunity to make the Healthcare supply o help enable the patient to receive the five ghttime, in theright dose, and using the right	GS1 Hea
G51 Healthcare promotes the adoption and implementa automatically identify patients, products, caregivers, and la worldwide, with more than 5 billion transactions per day bar ascheme of identification keys (such as the GTIN, Global Transpiry date), which remains the same independent of the G51 BarCodes (such as the G51-128 bar code symbology) and the G51 BarCodes (such as the G51-128 bar code symbology) and the G51 BarCodes (such as the G51-128 bar code symbology) and the grant of the transmitting the grant of the gran	ation of the GS1 System of standards to coations. It is the most widely used system sed on GS1 Istandards. The system is built on de item Number) and at tributes (such as the data carrier. Identification can be based on do nGS1 EPC global (using an RFID tag). The system of the system of the system and on GS1 EPC global (using an RFID tag). The system of the system of the system and the system of the system of the system system of the system of the system mplants) hain efficiency, but more importantly, the system of the system of the system of the two examples contain identical data)	spect Because of the increase Healthcare user group) scanners or when repla global standards for au Global standards for au chain more efficient an patient rights: <i>the right</i> <i>route</i> .
This is a 2-dimensional (2-D) data matrix symbology enal enables coding more fixed and variable information enables coding more fixed and variable for direct part marking enables coding more fixed and variable for direct part marking enables coding more fixed and variable for direct part marking coding to the state of the state of the state of the state enables coding more fixed and the state of the state coding to the state of the state of the state of the state fixed by GSI Healthcare 7 Doctor 200	bling, in an efficient way, all of the above n, while maintaining a small size of physical damage code scanners are required. Laser bar code (bar code scanners can read both linear and bar code scanners can read both linear and safety worldwide	Get your cop http://www.gs1. mera Based S

mbers, solutions providers and end future thru global positions...



Position Statement

GS1 Healthcare recommends investing in Camera-Based bar code scanners to address ific needs for Automatic Identification in Healthcare

ed capabilities of camera-based bar code scanners, GS1 Healthcare (GS1 global strongly recommends to invest in such scanners when introducing bar code cing existing laser bar code scanners. This will facilitate the future adoption of tomatic identification in the Healthcare supply chain.

tomatic identification provide the opportunity to make the Healthcare supply d accurate, and thus safer. It will also help enable the patient to receive the five patient gets the right product at the right time, in the right dose, and using the right

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.org/docs/healthcare/GS1 HUG ps Ca Scanners.pdf -or-.org/healthcare/library



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Position – GS1 DataMatrix Adoption...

(December 2011)

GS1 Healthcare Position Paper on GS1 DataMatrix Implementation GS1 Healthcare Position Statement on GS1 DataMatrix Implementation

To meet the growing demands of increased data needs and facilitate increased patient safety, the healthcare community is in the position to be the leader in GS1 DataMaria implementation. To demonstrate support of this leadership position, the GS1 Healthcare community has set a goal of 2015 for implementation of GS1 DataMartiar printing on, and scanning of, Regulated Healthcare Tade Items where the current needs are not being met by other GS1 Data Carriers. While not a binding mandate, the community feels storgly in setting a clear direction for further galavaize the industry and encourage action over and above the many active implementations that exist today.

Global standards for automatic identification provide an opportunity to make the healthcare supply chain safer as well as more efficient and accurate. Healthcare regulators

identification system from product manufacture to patient treatment is imperative to comply with the increasing need for product traceability around the world.

The GSJ System globally endorsed by the healthcare community, is the most widely used trade-item identification system worldwide with more than 5 billion transactions per day. Bull on a foundation or identification keys (such as the Global Trade Item Number or GIN) and attributes (such as batch/tot numbers, expiry date, etc.) it is uniquely suited to meet the needs of the global headthcare industry.

Pharmaceutical and medical device identification 8 marking have very pacific medic including - Incoding large smouths of variables or dynamic data (of number, explantion date, serial number, etc.) at high production speech - Direct part marking leg, marking on usigal instruments, etc.) - Efficient marking of irregular packaging for many medical menderin.

 Global legal and regulatory requirements that dictate the placement of data in a bar code symbol
 Traceability requirements for both pharmaceuticals and medical devices

Some of these needs are being met, and will continue to be met, through the use of traditional linear bar codes, such as GS1-128 or GS1 DataBar. However, for applications where they are not, GS1 Healthcare has adopted the use of GS1 DataMatrix as the data carrier (bar code symbol) solution.

GS1 DataMatrix is a 2-dimensional (2D) bar code symbology that efficiently meets all of the above needs by: • Allowing the encoding and marking of a greater amount of data within a smaller mean marking of a greater amount of

Automity the writeburg and marking of a greater and/or data within a smaller space Enabling direct part marking of trade items where labels may not be practical (small mericial / surgical instruments) Providing arror detaction and correction capabilities to improve the readability of bar codes despite irregular packaging or physical damage to a label

GS1 Healthcare Position Paper on GS1 DataMatrix Implementation – December 201

As with the implementation of any forward looking ischnology, there can be challenges that must be recognized. For CST DataMatrix, these could include: • Upgrades to scanner systems: to read the CST DataMatrix symbology, camere based bar code scanners are required. Linear technology based bar code scanners cannot read 2D bar codes, however camera-based bar code scanners can read both linear as well as 2D bar codes and users should be prepared to see both of these types of bar code symbols

(see the GSI Healthcare position statement on 2D camera based scanner) - Updates to printing systems: to print GSI DataMatrix, particularly on-line, direct to packaging within production environments, printing systems may need software / hardware updates or replacement - Updates to IT infrastructure systems: to ensure that dynamic

Upgates to 11 intrastructure systems to ensure that dynamic which estimates that the second second second second second environment as well as ensuring that the underlying systems can support the additional data where this is not

Recognising all of these needs, as well as the potential challenges of implementation, (S) Healthcare and its global members strongly support the implementation of 2D capable samers and the adoption of CS1 DataMatin. A global implementation will not be accomplished without time and effort. The use of the CS1 DataMatics can facilitate increased automation of data capture in any country without creating trade barriers that could otherwise potentially impact patient care and safety.

Where GS1 DataMatrix can enhance or solve data capture issues, we need to begin or expand implementation and ensure that the infrastructure is in place as we move to the use of 2D youndo (like GS1 DataMatrid) through the investment in 2D capable scanners. To bring awareness to the industry of the need to consider these practical classification industry of the need to consider these practical classification uses that new investments in printing and scanning systems throughout the global healthcare market include compliancy to GS1 DataMatrix.

About GS1 Healthcare

already implemented

Tadduc Gol Freedricks and Bollary user community bringing tagether all Healthcare supply chain stakeholders, including mundectures, drivburgs, Healthcare providers, solution mission of GSI Healthcare is to lead the Healthcare sector to the successful devolpment and implementation of global standards by bringing together experts in Healthcare to enhance patient safety and supply chain efficiencies.

GST Healthcare members include over 60 leading Healthcare organisations worldwide. For more information about GST Healthcare, and to view this paper please visit www.gs.l.org/healthcare.

Preparing members, solutions providers and end users for the future thru global positions...



GS1 Healthcare Position Statement on GS1 DataMatrix Implementation

GS1 Healthcare Position Paper on GS1 DataMatrix Implementation

To meet the growing demands of increased data needs and facilitate increased patient safety, the healthcare community is in the position to be the leader in GS1 DataMatrix

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Updates to printing systems to print GS1 DataMatrix, particularly on-line, direct to packaging, within production

position, the GS1 Healthcare community has set a goal of 2015 for implementation of GS1 DataMatrix printing on, and scanning of, Regulated Healthcare Trade Items where the

Get your copy at:

http://www.gs1.org/docs/healthcare/GS1 Data Matrix Position Paper.pdf



GS1 DataMatrix Symbology

GS1 DataMatrix An introduction and technical overview of the most advanced GS1 Application Identifiers compliant symbology

This document facilitates processes by offering detailed information on GS1 DataMatrix and its technical characteristics encoding, printing and reading. It is a repository of reference information that can support the implementation of GS1 DataMatrix in any sector, industry or country. GS1

GS1 DataMatrix

An introduction and technical overview of the most advanced GS1 Application Identifiers compliant symbology

http://www.gs1.org/services/publications/online/

Th crucial guideline to define an application standard according to your sector business needs





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...much more than just "optical" print quality and / or using a verifier to determine a grade... there is great benefit in looking at the whole picture of quality and gaining the knowledge and understanding of what these checks, tests and results can tell you... how they can help you... and how they can improve the AIDC system

Awareness and understanding of overall bar code symbol quality, and the complete process to determine and understand it, can have many benefits to the users of bar code driven AIDC systems





GS1 General Specifications

ISO/IEC 15415 Information technology -- Automatic identification and data capture techniques -- Bar code print quality test specification -- Two-dimensional symbols ISO/IEC 15426-2 Information technology -- Automatic identification and data capture techniques -- Bar code verifier conformance specification -- Part 2: Two-dimensional symbols ISO/IEC 16022 Information technology -- International symbology specification -- Data Matrix ISO/IEC TR 24720 Information technology -- Automatic identification and data capture techniques -- Guidelines for direct part marking (DPM) ISO/IEC DTR 29158 Information technology -- Automatic identification and data capture

techniques -- Direct Part Mark (DPM) Quality Guideline

Have the right "tools" for the job, starting with proper documentation, education, training...



Linear (1D) & Matrix (2D) Bar Code Symbols

Common Quality Parameters

- Decode / RDA
- X Dimension / Module Size
- Data Structure, Validity

- Human Readable Interpretation
- Symbol Contrast
- Modulation
- Quite Zones, as applicable



- Bar Height
- Minimum Reflectance
- Edge Contrast
- Defects
- Decodability



- Fixed Pattern Damage
- Axial Nonuniformity
- Grid Nonuniformity
- Unused Error Correction
- Print Growth
- Clock Track Regularity



Decode / Reference Decode Algorithm

Is the symbol readable, does it fulfill the rules of the Reference Decode Algorithm, is it a GS1 DataMatrix and is the data in a GS1 format.

- Has the proper structure to be a Data Matrix
- Has a Function One (FNC1) Character in the first data position

 Has data properly structured & encoded according to the GS1 General Specification

• <u>NOTE</u>: This "data structure" is the same as for GS1-128...just in a different "bar code"!





GS1 DataMatrix - (FNC1 & Als)

]d2 01108576740020171714112010KMB11205201[GS]21CEB630078700

Icm

where:

Whether you use a Verifier or go "more manual"... it's all in the data... and the ISO Symbology Identifier!

ISO Symbology ID's are Internationally agreed (ISO/IEC 15424) 3 character codes that scanner/imagers output at the beginning of a data string that tells what bar code symbology has been read. It is in the form

Symbol decode:

] - (ASCII 93) the ID flag character

c - code (symbology) character as ISO defined ("d" = Data Matrix)

m - modifier character(s)

ISO Data Matrix - (No FNC1)

Symbol decode:



1)01108576740020171714112010KMB11205201[GS]21CEB630078700



Symbol Contrast

Like with 1D / Linear... the difference between the light and dark parts... a bigger difference is better



Modulation



Not unlike 1D / Linear... is a measure of the uniformity of reflectance of the dark and light modules







Axial Non-uniformity & Grid Nonuniformity

The symbol modules are in a regular grid or matrix. Axial & Grid Nonuniformity check if the symbol has been squeezed or squashed or distorted









Print Growth

Have the modules grown or shrunk from normal...







Quiet Zones (aka Light Margins)

Similar to 1D Linear symbols there is a "Quiet Zone" that must be kept clear... but it is on ALL FOUR sides...



Bar Code Print Quality Verifiers are available for testing 2D Matrix symbols like GS1 DataMatrix





- ...just like 1D symbol quality verification is a process where <u>before</u> you use a verifier you should:
 - follow <u>common sense</u>, use your eyes, look at the whole picture...
 - remember there is <u>more</u> to bar code symbol quality <u>than just getting a "grade"</u>...
 - use <u>all</u> the "tools" you have available...

Iearn and investigate !



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Overview – Most early adopters have been hesitant to share details as yet on implementation challenges, this can be for many reasons such avoiding operational comparisons, keeping competitive advantage, protecting an active pilot

implementation project, lack of long term cost information, etc. Many times we have been told the more significant costs are in IT infrastructure changes. We are all learning...

Costs - Manufacturing? — When it comes to implementation costs anecdotal estimates have run from \$25K to about \$500K (or more) USD per manufacturing line for printing / scanning updates (without serial number addition). Many note that with printing software it is critical to ensure automatic inclusion of the leading Function 1 character.







Productivity? – In all cases we have heard that no one would even attempt to install systems if they were not assured that it would not negatively affect productivity.

Costs – User? – IT infrastructure changes may be the major unknown cost as it is different user to user. Scanner costs will depend on the type & use case need, however single, tethered/corded handheld "gun" type scanner imagers can cost about \$150 - \$300 USD per unit... from there (depending on quantities, type of unit, features, etc.) the costs can go slightly lower but also can rise into the \$1000's USD for some systems. Bar code symbol print quality verifiers can run \$2000 USD and up, but are available.





Printing / Marking:

- Many existing "demand" label printers can print Data Matrix well
- May not be the case for all "in line" printers (validity of inks, needed speeds, etc.)
- DPM brings on a whole new set of challenges
- Beware the missing FNC1





GS1 DataMatrix

Printing / marking must, of course, be matched to the application use case needs... as with other bar code symbol generation



Area Image Scanners:

- Camera / area imager based
- Growing installed base in industrial, commercial, healthcare
- Scans 1D / Linear, 2D
 Stacked & 2D Matrix
 symbols
- Competitive pricing more apparent





GS1 DataMatrix

(10)AC3453G3

Camera-based bar code scanners are needed in Healthcare AND are a GS1 Healthcare Leadership Team recommendation!!

A Practical need in the Healthcare supply chain #1...

Implementation of GS1 DataMatrix

- To meet the French "CIP" requirements
- Identification of the product with "Lot/Batch" & "Expiry"
- Tests already run to add Serial Number and a country specific NHRN (National Healthcare Reimbursement Number)
- Running at "normal" line speeds -300 cartons/minute, 45m/min
- Print sizes 300 DPI, Module size of 345µm, Wolke m600A, Universal Black UB 7482 HP Inkjet cartridge
- Read & verify On and off-line camera based & verifier systems





EFPIA - Coding Pharmaceutical Products in Europe Data Matrix – Coding proposal derived from GS1 standards

Manufacturer Product Code (GTIN or NTIN) - 14 digits Unique Serial Number (randomized) - up to 20 alpha-numeric characters Expiry Date - 6 digits (YYMMDD) Batch Number - up to 20 alpha-numeric characters

+ minimum requirements on quality of randomisation

Example:

GTIN:(01) 07046261398572Batch:(10) TEST5632Expiry:(17) 130331S/N:(21) 19067811811



Specifications provided in EFPIA's: "European Pack Coding Guidelines"

10101010110110





A practical need in the Healthcare supply chain #3... B.Braun



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A Practical need in the Healthcare supply chain #2...

Operating Room

Sterilisation Unit



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Stock



✓ Cleaning

- ✓ Dis-/assembling
- ✓ Maintenance
- ✓ Substitution
- ✓ Set configuration
- Completeness check



Sterilisation

- ✓ Creation of 'Steri Batches' (e.g. labels)
- ✓ Batch loading and release

Instruments reprocessing cycle – Micro-logistics



Surgical instruments





Specific marking needs to manage critical internal logistics processes (use, cleaning, (dis)assembly, sterilisation, etc.)

- must fit on small space
- must be able to carry sufficient information (item identifier & serial number) to enable traceability
- must remain readable throughout the intended life span of the item
- must be **practical** (easily retrievable, etc.)
- must be biocompatible
- must be standards-based



Special cases... Small instrument marking





Data carrier: GS1 DataMatrix

- Target useable mark area of 2.5mm x 2.5mm
- One bar code on a single instrument
- Though not limited to, laser etching is recommended
- Mixed marking technologies within the same scanning environment should be avoided (ensures highest reading performance)

Identification key: GTIN

- GTIN (Global Trade Item Number) preferred option
 - GTIN-12, -13 or -14 allowed
- GRAI (Global Returnable Asset Identifier) or GIAI (Global Individual Asset Identifier) – in case of hospital legacy system

Attribute: Serial number

• AI(21) (Application Identifier) mandatory - Serial number



Small instrument marking Application



Camera-based bar code scanners needed

 Fixed scanner operation (present the instrument to the scanner to be read) is likely



• Scanner specific for direct part marking will give best performance



Questions?

You can ask now...





...or you can ask later.



Contact Details

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