

The Australian Supply Chain Reform Agenda: Current Status and Next Steps

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Agenda



- 1. NEHTA Supply Chain Reform The Why
- 2. National Product Catalogue and eProcurement The How
- 3. Enhancing Supply Chain Value The What

Australia at a glance



- 22.8 million people currently live in Australia
- Life expectancy continues to increase, so an Australian male born today can expect to live to 79.2 years and a female to 83.7 years
- Australians aged 80 years or over is about 800,000 (3.7% of the total population); nearly 2/3 are female
- 64% of people live in capital cities, numbering 14 million in June 2009
- Expenditure on health was 9.1% of GDP in 2007–08, amounting to over \$103 billion or \$4,874 per person (just \$10 billion in 1980)
 AUD\$130 billion in 2010-11 (9.8% GDP)
 - 70% is publically funded & 30% privately funded
 - 8 State & Territory Governments (State Health Departments) and Federal Department of Health and Ageing



STATE	2011
ACT	356,900
NSW	7,317,500
NT	231,200
QLD	4,599,400
SA	1,659,800
TAS	511,000
VIC	5,640,900
WA	2,366,900
Total	22+M

Australian Healthcare Funding

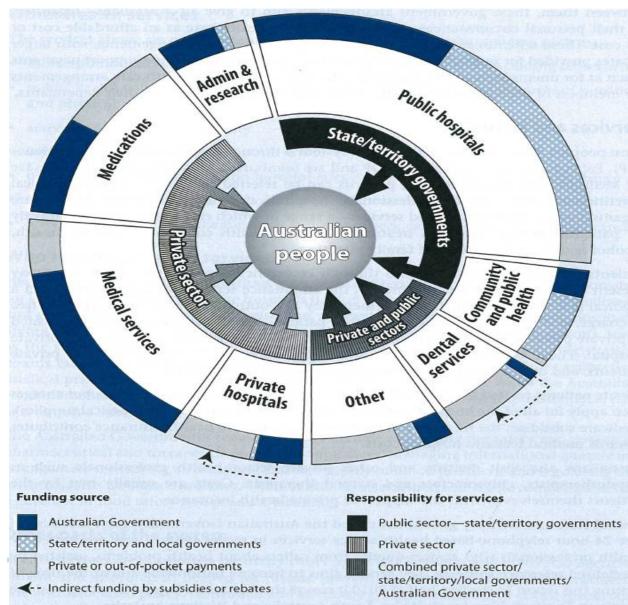


Figure 1.3: Health services—funding and responsibility



Funding Mix:

- 70% is publically funded
- 30% privately funded
- 8 State & Territory Governments (State Health Departments) and Federal Department of Health and Ageing

Sector Mix:

- 1^o Care mainly Federal funded Medicare (UHI)
- 2º Care mixed Federal & State funding
- 3^o Care mainly State funded

NEHTA's Structure



The National E-Health Transition Authority (NEHTA) is a company established by the Australian, State and Territory governments in 2005 to develop better ways of electronically collecting and securely exchanging health information.

Independent company – state and federally government funded, including:

- Board of Directors (CEOs of Health Jurisdictions, an Independent Director and an Independent Chair)
- Board Committees
- The Chief Executive Officer
- The Company Secretary
- The NEHTA Organisation

eHealth Supply Chain Reform



Supply Chain Reform needed because:

- 1. Lack of standardised **product** identification
- 2. Lack of standardised location identification
- 3. Multiple product data catalogues being maintained per hospital, per hospital network and per state

Poor supply chain costs the health system money:

- Wrong product ordered/delivered
- Wrong quantity/poor forecasting and inventory management

Automating processes enables supplier and buyer organisations to:

- Reduce **redundant** purchasing tasks
- Improve inefficient work practices
- Achieve greater **accuracy** in procurement and tendering

eHealth Supply Chain Reform



Information is the enemy of disease

70yr old woman goes to hospital for a hip replacement...

Wrong prosthesis turns up...



No surgery =

- 1. Cost to patient pain, increased iatrogenesis, stress, time, financial
- Cost to health system theatre, staff, bed, medications, other patients



eHealth Supply Chain Reform



Accurate Data is Critical

eHealth Supply Chain Reform can deliver:

✓ The right products, at
✓ The right price, for
✓ The right person, in
✓ The right location, at
✓ The right time





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The National Product Catalogue



The Solution:

- The National Product Catalogue (NPC) is a way for suppliers to provide standardised and accurate product and price data electronically to the Australian health departments and private hospital providers.
- The NPC provides suppliers with a single mechanism to communicate structured catalogue data to many health customers – and the health customers a single way to access this data from multiple suppliers.
- The NPC enables synchronisation of product and pricing data for accuracy in electronic procurement.

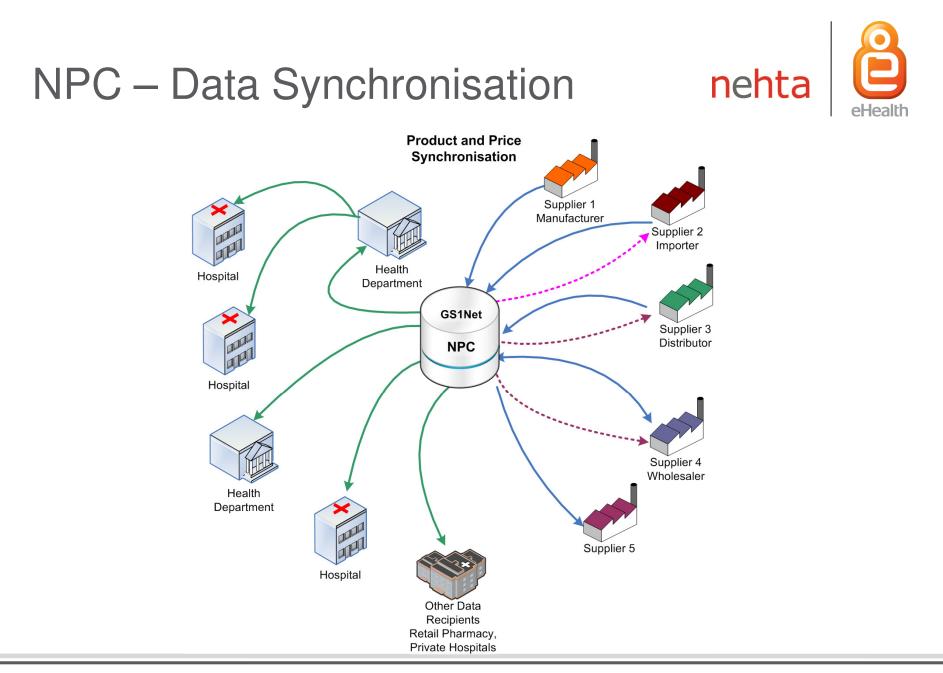








Right Dose



Product data is common to all - Price data is customer specific

NPC – Data Usage



National Product Catalogue

- **267,000+** items, **390+** suppliers
- All jurisdictions accessing data
- Clean, standardised data in all systems

Private Sector

- Private Hospitals
- Community Pharmacies / pharmacy software providers
- Accurate reference of Prosthesis Rebate Code for billing benefits

Clinical Outcomes Focus

- Clinical Terminologies Australian Medicines Terminology (AMT)
- Product tracking and recall
- Bedside scanning (incl. batch, exp., serialisation, etc) => patient record
- TGA approval of pharmaceuticals

NEHTA anticipates that full implementation of the NPC will save the public healthcare sector at least \$AUD200 million per annum by ensuring accurate, valid and up-to-date product data, and improved communications and supply chain operations (Deloittes, 2004. Recommendations for National IM & ICT Enablers in the Health Sector Supply Chain report).

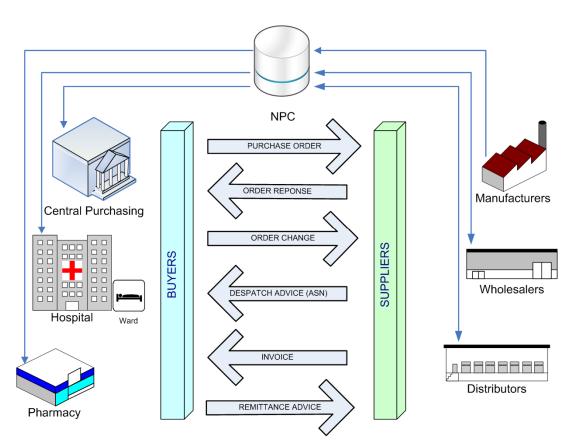
eProcurement Solution





eProcurement

NPC is key to standard data and a shared identifier across all parties – GS1 Product Number (GTIN)



Current MIGs available



The ultimate goal: A national MIG

- State based MIGs have been developed for some jurisdictions
 - ACT
 - WA
 - SA
- MIGs are in draft for others
 - NSW
 - VIC



- The National MIG will be the equivalent of the NPC data set – a single document containing all requirements for all jurisdictions
- The National MIG will be released in the next few months

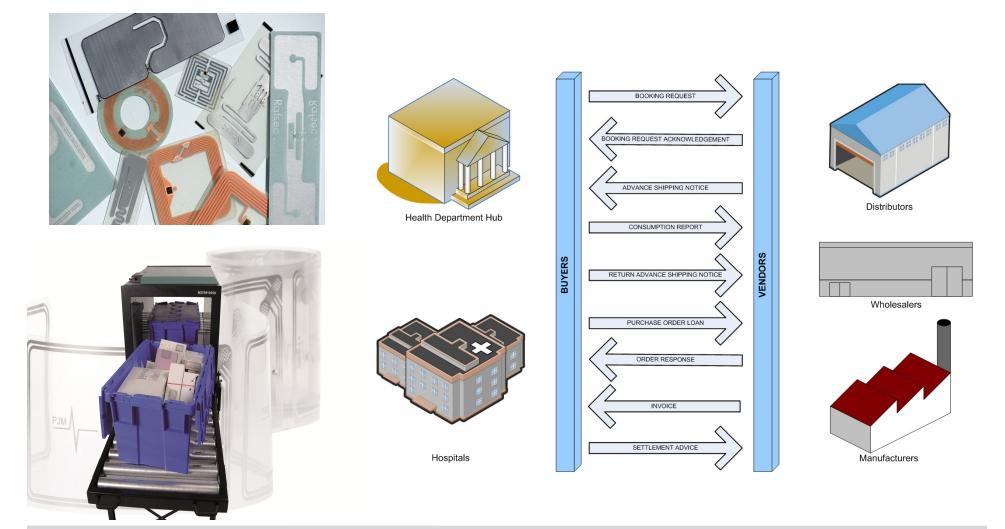
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RFID Project Update



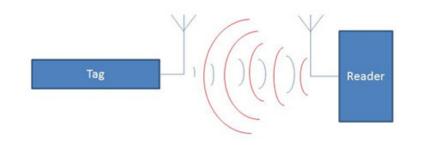


RFID Project Update



National RFID Implementation Recommendations – Dec 2012

- Including minimum data set: GTIN and/or batch, expiry and serial number
- Use of NPC data for RFID databases and business transaction messaging
- Business rules for RFID-marked prosthetic procurement
- Supporting communications strategy



Healthcare Recallnet Overview



Project Need

- Product recalls have a large impact on all involved
- Product recalls are increasing
- Opportunities exist to improve the product recall process through new technologies, data standards and a more streamlined process

Project Mission

To deliver a single product recall notification system in the Australian healthcare sector, through a phased approach, to improve the speed and accuracy of the therapeutic goods recall process with the aim of improving patient safety.

NPC is key to standard **data** and a shared identifier across all parties **GS1 Product Number (GTIN) and Location Number (GLN)**

Who is involved?





Summary



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Contact and Questions



Supply Chain www.nehtasupplychain.com.au

NEHTA specific information <u>www.nehta.gov.au</u>

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