

Implementation session: UDI Data & the Global Data Synchronisation Network (GDSN)

GS1 Healthcare Conference Beijing, China 26 October 2016

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Panelists





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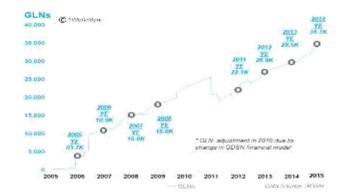
UDI & GDSN

Nick Manzo – Sr. Director Global Industry Development, 1WorldSync

CONNECTING TRUSTED PRODUCT DATA EVERYWHERE

Growth of GDSN

- GDSN has seen enormous increase in active subscribers over the past 10 years...increase of 35,000 GLN's
- Use of GDSN is not limited to just Business to Business engagement
- Use of GDSN to support regulatory requirements now becoming more prevalent.
- UDI has been an large driver of new GDSN suppliers





Healthcare in GDSN as of Oct, 2016

- GDSN Healthcare GTIN Counts over 1.7M
 - 1.2m+ Device GTINs
 - 59k+ Pharma GTINs
 - 400k+ Other Healthcare
 GTINs
- 3,279 Healthcare source GLN's in GDSN
- GDSN Healthcare Resources
 - http://www.gs1.org/health care/share-data





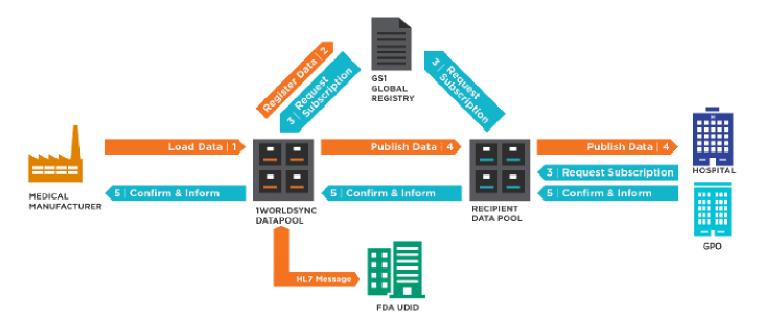
FDA GUDID Stats as of October 1, 2016

- Total Number of Unique Primary Devices Listed in GUDID:
 - -769,917
- Total Number of Devices by Issuing Agency:
 - GS1: 683,000 est.
 - Other: 123,000 est.
- Total Number of Primary DI's for Devices by Issuing Agency:
 - GS1: 683,000 est.
 - Other: 87,000 est.



GDSN & UDI

- The primary UDI driver is the US's FDA regulation.
- UDI requires data to be submitted over a 4 year period (starting in 2014 and ending in 2018)
- Use of the GDSN provides suppliers the ability of a one to many solution
- If data is submitted via GDSN, it can be repurposed for multiple other data efforts.





How to take advantage

- UDI impacts your business by requiring strict controls on product data and product data processes.
- A number of Manufacturers who have put in place UDI initiatives are realizing the opportunity to leverage that data for additional initiatives.
- Providing data to Group Purchasing Organizations (GPOs), Hospitals as well as potentially new UDI databases.
- The GDSN's ability to provide data to the FDA GUDID has driven a substantial increase in available data.



What that data consists of: Sample Touch points



Challenges

- Waiting till last minute...
 - We have seen a number of organizations, attempt to do the work on their own, then wait till last min and have issues in submission
- Organizing Data...
 - If submitting more than 50/100 products, it takes more time in coordinating internal operations to collect, aggregate and validate all necessary attributes for submission
- Maintenance and Management
 - Organizations forget, that it is their responsibility to maintain and manage the data even after submission.



Seize the Opportunity!

- Data demand is increasing
- It used to be your customers asking, now it is governments, tomorrow will be your patients...
- Are you prepared?
- Treat the care of your product data the same way you treat the care of your actual products
- View your product data as an asset to be leveraged, not something that is viewed as a burden on your business.
- Leverage the UDI effort to support GDSN efforts both globally and regionally.





商品标准化推动全球数据共享

GDSN在中国的情况介绍

www.ancc.org.cn

2016/10/26





内容大纲

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1. 机构以及GS1介绍

- 2. 全球数据同步(GDSN)介绍
- 3. GDSN中国应用现状



关于中国物品编码中心

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中国物品编码中心(GS1 China)于1988年经国务院同意成立,是统一组织、协调、管理中国物品编码与自动识别标识工作的专门机构,隶属于国家质量监督检验检疫总局。



国际物品编码协会(GS1),全球统一管理商品条码的非盈利机构。致力于推广全球通用的、开放的、跨行业的供应链管理标准——GS1全球统一标识系统。中国物品编码中心于1991年4月代表我国加入GS1。



关于GS1标准

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覆盖全供应链的GS1编码标识标准



各种形式的载体技术标准(GS1条码和RFID标准)



全流程的GS1数据交换标准





第一阶段

条码应用的发展

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第二阶段

变革了商品流通模式,提 高了超市零售结算信息化 水平,促进了国内商品流 通。

第三阶段

提供了供应链领域和企业 资源管理领域的应用技术 和标准。

第四阶段

服务于网络经济和政府监

管,服务产品诚信体系建

设、食品安全追溯和产品质量监管。

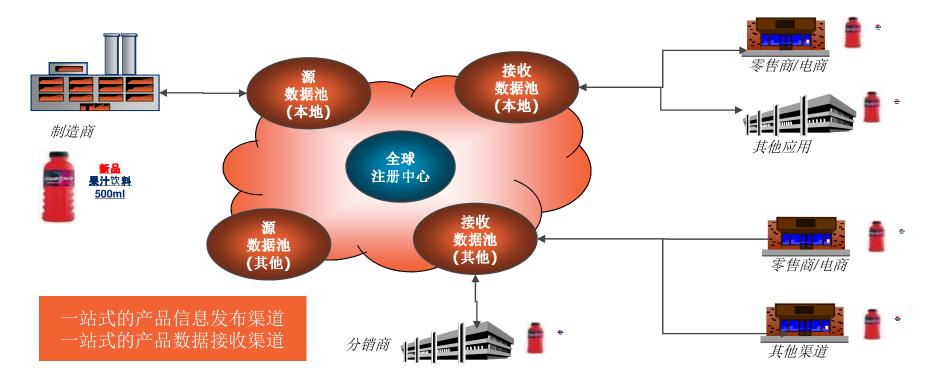
中國物品编碼中心

面对产品出口的外商要求, 满足企业需求, 促进了我国外贸出口。



GDSN方案架构图

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合作双赢

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50%

40%

订单效率和品质 管理效率提高50% 结算错误减少40%

₩ 30%

国 3%-8%

数据管理耗费的精力 减少30% 货架使用率提高, 使缺货减少3%到8%

2-6Weeks

25%-55%

货物上架时间平均 减少2至6周 产品数据到达销售环节的时间减少25%至55%







GDSN应用案例

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· 基于GDSN标准化通用应用案例:

仓储物流

大仓门店

终端销售

- 物流单元标识的规范使用;
- 物流单元的属性标准与误差率;
- 订购单元的属性标准与规范应用;
- 中包装的规范定义,标识、属性等;
- 门店订单、物流的属性规范;
- O2O的应用要求;
- 政府监管的需求;
- 货架空间管理的需求;
- 描述类信息的规范化;



GDSN数据共享方案

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-GDSN标准的产品信息数字化解决方案

- 不提供信息化平台
- 输出标准化的产品数据;
- 输出标准化的作业流程







标准化解决方案

标识标准 化 属性规范 化

产品数子化

流程信息 化



中国数据池的基本情况

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- 中国数据池建立与2003年,2016年5月通过全球最新的3.1认证;
- 主要应用政府监管、移动APP、零食商、电商领域;







数据池的基本应用

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产品质量监管

发挥关键字作用,精准识别产品,关联业务信息,支持产品质量监管工作。

质监

支持国家产品质量诚信体系建设



国家产品质量信用信息平台

工商

食药

卫生



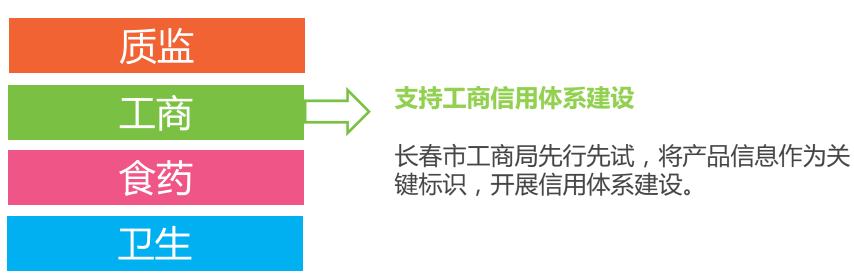
- 以产品信息为基础,关联证照、标准、 防伪、监督抽查信息等资源,建设信用 信息平台。
- 地方标准化院开展产品数据标准化研究,支撑地方、行业应用。



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产品质量监管

发挥关键字作用,精准识别产品,关联业务信息,支持产品质量监管工作





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产品质量监管

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产品质量监管

发挥关键字作用,精准识别产品,关联业务信息,支持产品质量监管工作



支持食品安全监测、分析、预警



各地食品安全风险评估中心以商品条码为关键字采集全国各地的食品数据,上报检测结果,实现准确的汇总、分析、预警。



北京市食药监案例

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北京市药品监督管理局文件

京药监保化 [2010] 68号

北京市药品监督管理局关于 采集化妆品生产企业品种信息的通知

各化妆品生产企业:

为进一步做好化妆品安全监管工作,建立科学监管的技术手 投, 稅局委托中国物品编码中心负责化妆品基本信息的采集工作。 请各化妆品生产企业给予配合。现将有关要求通知如下;

一、信息采集范围

本次化妆品基本信息的采集范围是所有取得《化妆生产企业 卫生许可证》的化妆品生产企业生产的全部品种,包括自产品种 和楼景委托加工的品种。

二、信息采集内容

化妆品生产企业在向编码中心澳报信息时,需填报的信息内 容包括: 产品名称、产品规格(最小包装). 品牌, 卫生许可证号、 生产企业名称、商品备码号、生产许可证号、 特殊用途母校品挂

三、信息采集时限

本次信息采集工作从 2010 年 12 月 1 日开始, 化妆品生产企 业应及时向中国物品编码中心更新品种数据信息。



主题词, 化妆品 生产 品种 業集△ 通知

抄送:北京市质量技术监督局,中国物品编码中心。 北京市商品监督管理局办公室 2010年12月2日申封 所有进入北京市销售的化妆品 企业,应向中国物品编码中心 填报:

- ✓ 产品名称
- √ 规格
- ✓ 许可证号
- ✓ 批准文号
- ✓



北京市食药监案例

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北京药监通过GDSN获取商品信息,实现化妆品市场监管





GDSN医院应用

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填报内容:

- 医用消耗材料
- ●体外诊断试剂 ●试验试剂
- 企业资质
- •产品数据

解放军 总医院

北京 协和医院

北京大学 第三医院

武警 总医院

304医院

307医院

武警北京 总队医院

二炮 总医院



医疗门户网站推广

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网页 APP





线下零售商应用

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全球商品数据同步







































上百家企业实施,涉及产品数万种



线上电商应用

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电商应用

扫条码•放心购



电商食品追溯专区



商品百科

请输入要搜索的内容如:卫食健宇

接索









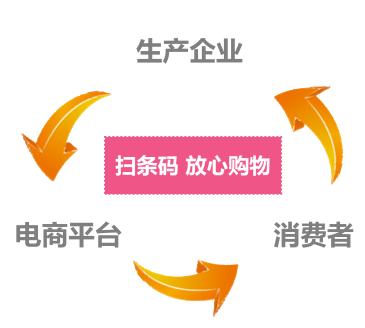
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电商实际应用案例

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产品终端应用

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条码微站









自助H5建站



权威信息发布



多层次二维码定制



网络通道全面整合



精准宣传与服务



GDSN线下服务网络

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A GDSN Implementation The Australian story so far

Catherine Koetz, GS1 Australia 26 October 2016



Australian Story



1. Our Data Synchronisation Journey

Introduction & ongoing evolution

2. Healthcare User community

Governance , Collaboration & Ongoing review

3. What Data?

- Understanding the WHY
- Defining & refining the scope
- Why add Price Synchronisation

4. Key Challenges

- Collaboration versus Compliance
- Data Quality

5. Lessons Learnt



Australian Data Synchronisation Journey



Original Data pool EANnet launched 1997

Healthcare National Product Catalogue (NPC) joins GS1net 2006 Australia's Healthcare GTIN exceed 200,000 2011 Additional attributes included to meet Healthcare community needs – Pharmacy Regulation & Procurement 2014

Healthcare
Data Quality
Project
launched
March
2016

NPC Exceeded 500 Healthcare Users

Sept 2016

2002

EANnet v2/GS1net Price Synch Added **2007** GS1net

becomes
GDSN
connected
Data
validation
implemented
to meet
community
demands for
data quality

2012

More attributes added to meet Healthcare community needs – Clinical & Supply Chain 2015

Platform and name change to National Product Catalogue (all industries) **July 2016**

MR3
alignment to
GDSN
Australia's
Healthcare
GTIN exceed
400,000

November 2016

Data Quality
Insight tool
piloted
Supplier DQ
Statuses
implemented



Australian Healthcare User community



National Healthcare Supply chain initiatives originally coordinated by National eHealth Transition Authority (NEHTA), now overseen by Australian Digital Health Agency

National Product Catalogue for Healthcare

- Acknowledged issues with data across healthcare
- Need for data standards and identifiers to enable analytics
- Consistent data to drive efficiency and underpin patient safety improvements

Ongoing:

- Strategic leadership
- Key stakeholder engagement
- Coordinated & consistent approach





What Data? Understanding the why



Collaborative study into the cost of poor data in Healthcare in 2013/14 identified Australia had potential savings of over \$100 million AUD

- Potential cost of urgent deliveries due to under supply \$4.4million
- Potential cost of manual checking on units of measure \$8.8million
- Potential cost of independently sourcing product weight and dimension \$6.9 million
- Potential cost of manual matching prosthesis reimbursement codes \$1.3 million

Follow up research by NEHTA in 2015/16 uncovered that the findings of \$100 million potential savings were conservative





What Data? Understanding the why





Demographics

- 1365+ Hospitals (~88,000 Beds)
 - 80% Acute Care
 - 90% In House Pharmacy
 - 40+ Buying Groups = 70% Hospitals
 - 80+ Area Health Services
- 5400+ Community Pharmacies
- 1865+ Aged care homes
- 337+ Pharmacy Manufacturer/ Supplier/Distributors
- 1300+ Medical Device & Consumables M/S/D
- '000s more non medical suppliers

Equates to estimated:

➤ Item data shared (list) ~ 11 Million Huge cost to maintain manually with questionable timeliness and accuracy



What Data? Defining and refining scope



- Defining the problem
- Prioritising where to start across use cases
 - Identifying data required x product type x criticality

Sourcing/	Core	Medical Devices
Tenders	Identification	& Consumables
Purchasing/ Procurement	Reimbursement	Pharmaceuticals
Logistics/Supply	Enabling	Non-Medical
Chain	Analytics	Consumables
Regulatory	Clinical Use/ Safety	Services



What Data? Why price synchronisation





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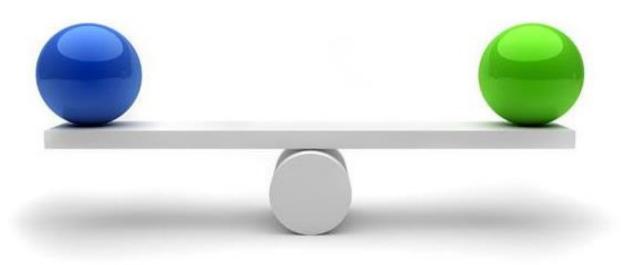
➤ Prices updated ~ 2 Billion x min 2 PA Huge cost to maintain manually PLUS even larger impact to order to cash where prices incorrect in transactions



Key Challenges



- Maintaining common understanding of industry goals
- Overcoming resistance
- Gaining international support
- Ongoing benefits realisation
- Data Quality





Data Quality



Commitment Trust Accuracy Timeliness Relevance Data Quality Clarity **Accessibility Completeness Maintenance** Use



Lessons Learnt



- Clearly define goals Understand the WHY
- Know what success looks like
- Collaborative approach benefits on both sides
- Communicate & Reinforce
- Review & Refine Regularly
- Ensure sustainability
- Data Quality is paramount





Thanks for listening...

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